

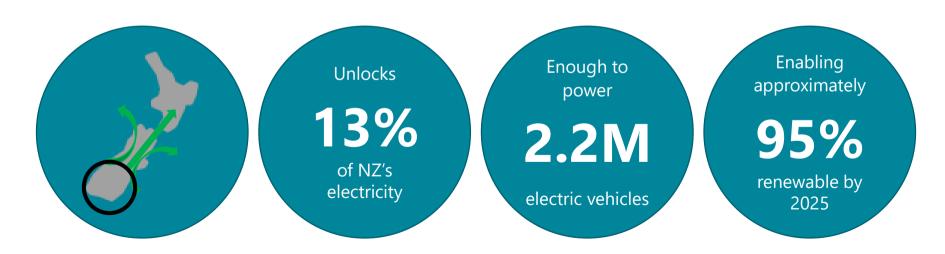
Net Zero Grid Pathways Proposed Work Programme

Alison Andrew – Chief Executive John Clarke – GM Grid Development Stephen Jay – GM Operations



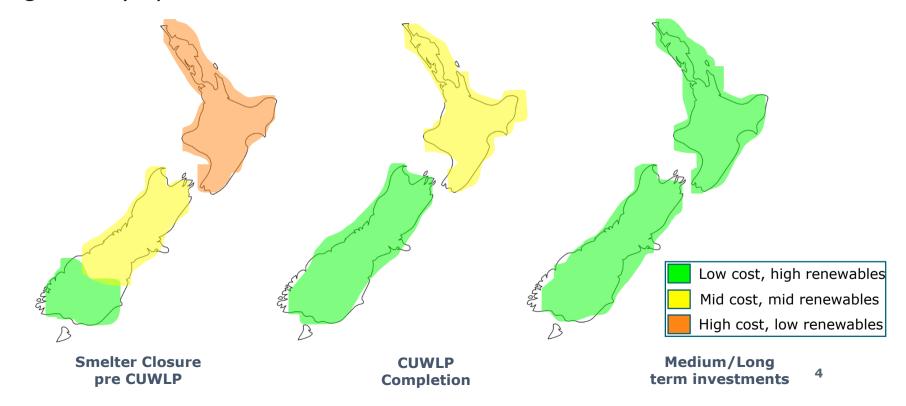
The Context

- The smelter's closure unlocks low cost, renewable electricity in the Lower South Island
- Our job is to make sure that the rest of New Zealand can access it



Our Response: Net Zero Grid Pathways

 Release urgent constraints, maintain system security, and gradually spread benefits across New Zealand



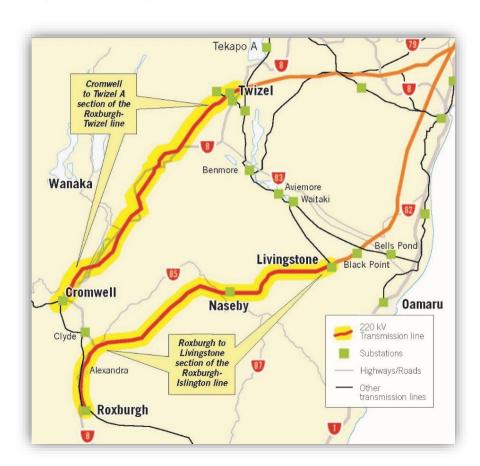
Clutha Upper-Waitaki Lines Project (CUWLP)

- Unlocks benefits of \$100m per year for consumers by avoiding spilled energy
- Upgrading two sections of existing lines

Cromwell - Twizel

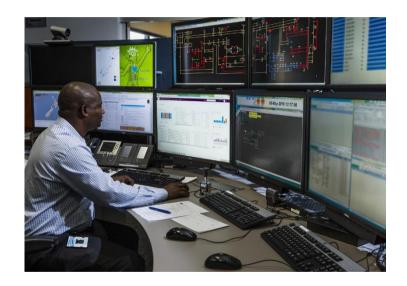
Roxburgh - Livingstone

 Change the way the grid works between Aviemore-Benmore to increase capacity

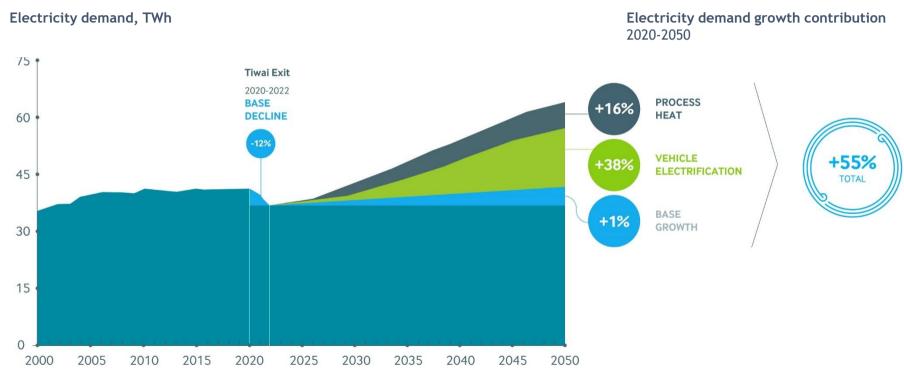


System Operator

- System Security Forecast in December will assess impacts of a smelter close in 2021
- Any changes of generation mix and availability will have implications for dry winters
- Will also consider system stability and AUFLS implications
- CANs will advise of industry teleconferences for updates



Investments are made in the context of decarbonisation



Net Zero Grid Pathways (NZGP) Phase One: Accessing Lower South Island Renewables



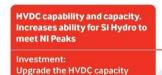
NZGP - Accessing Lower South Island Renewables HVDC capacity and capability

Investigation to consider

- Fourth undersea cable to increase transfer from 1200 to 1400 MW
- Options to increase capability of Pole 2 to reduce reserves needed
- Possible early replacement of one or more of the existing cables

Fourth Cable

- Timing: Late 2020s
- Cost: \$150-\$200 million



NZGP - Accessing Lower South Island Renewables Lower North Island Constraints

Investigation to consider

- Constraints imposed on the backbone 220kV grid due to regional lines
- Possible grid reconfigurations to address

Constraint relief

- Timing by 2025
- Cost: <\$20m



Investment:

Reconfigure regional

transmission to free capacity
on 220kV

NZGP - Accessing Lower South Island Renewables Central North Island Capacity and Constraints

Investigation to consider

- Both added capacity on 220kV grid backbone and constraint relief due to regional lines
- Focus upgrades to existing lines as with CUWLP

Cost and timing

- Constraint relief by 2025
- Capacity upgrades if justified, late 2020s.
- Cost: \$300-\$350million



Jpgrade capacity on Central North Island 220 kV system, ncluding Wairakei Ring upgrade and Central North Island

NZGP – Accessing Lower South Island Renewables Further work in the lower South Island

Investigation to consider

 Further economic investments to aid export from the lower SI

Lead into Net Zero Grid Pathways: Phase Two

 Integrated 'least regrets' view of transmission and power system needs to aid renewables and electrification

Further work to aid additional export from region.

Net Zero Grid Pathways – Phase 1

| Sept-Dec 2020 | Confirm potential system development needs from updated studies |
|--------------------------|--|
| Oct 2020 | Industry engagement on possible post smelter demand and generation scenarios |
| Dec 2020 | Updated list of areas for investigation for investment Publish System Security Forecast |
| Early 2021 | Finalise demand and generation scenarios with industry and MBIE Commence work on individual investment cases for Commerce Commission approval |
| End 2021 - End 2022 | Submission of investment cases to Commerce Commission |
| Early 2022 – Mid 2023 | Indicative timeline for Commerce Commission Approval of investment cases |
| 2022-2030 | Delivery of approved investments |

Net Zero Grid Pathways Phase Two

- An integrated view of future transmission and power system needs for electrification and renewables
- Key to 'least-cost' transition to a low carbon economy



Waikato Upper North Island Voltage Management

- Investment of \$150m has final approval from Commerce Commission.
- Important to maintain a reliable supply if Huntly generation reduces
- Timing for grid investment still a challenge – uncertainty at Huntly verses investment lead times
- Can non-transmission solutions meet the need and defer or replace investment in grid voltage support assets?



We are exploring these options with industry



Questions?